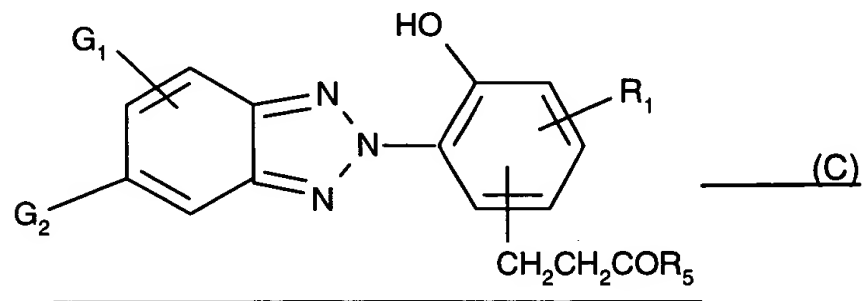
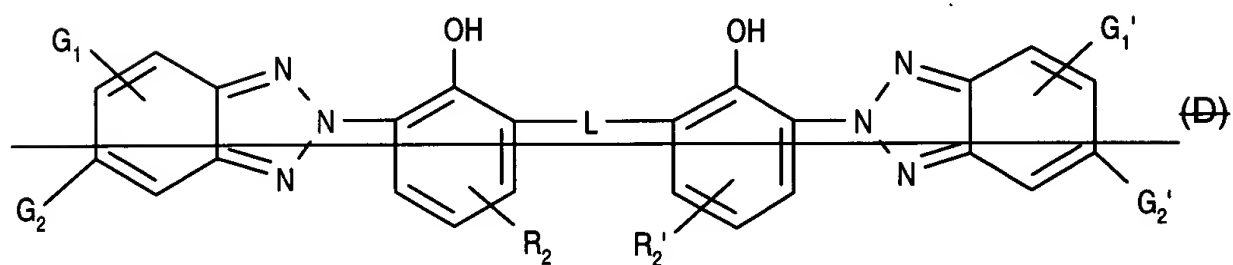
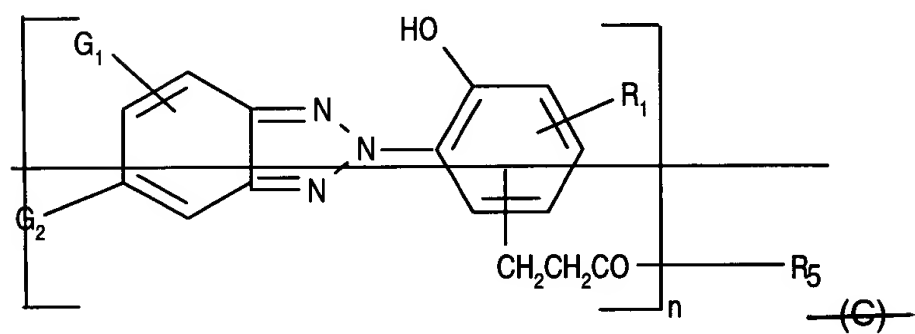
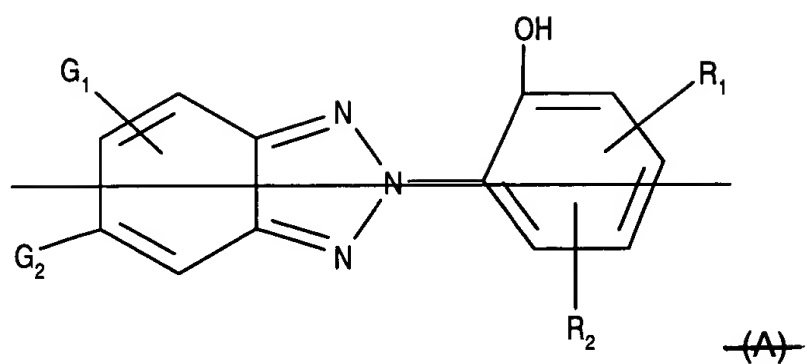


## In the Claims

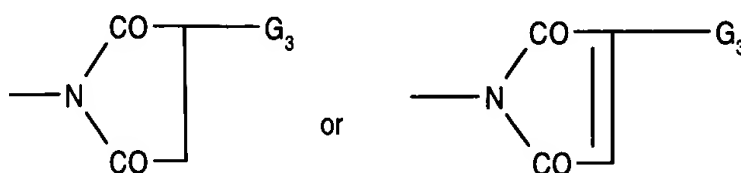
1. A compound of formula **[[A,]] C** **[[or D]]**



wherein

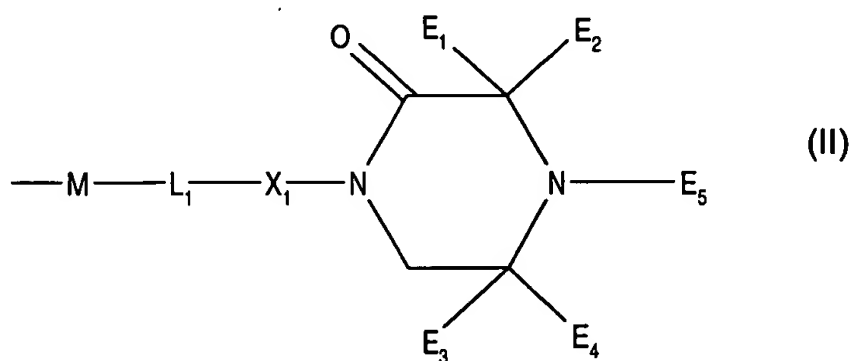
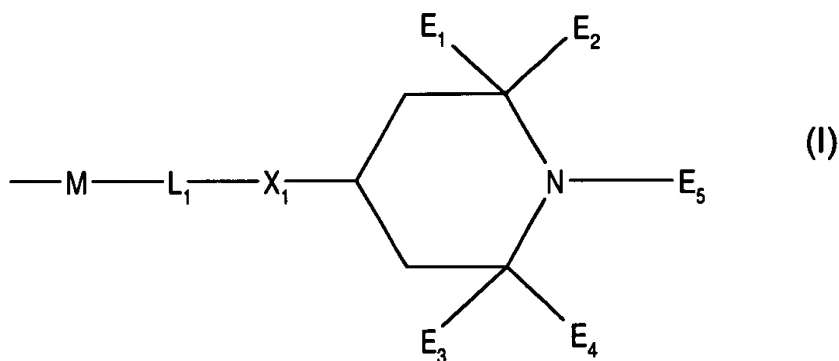
$G_1$  ~~is and  $G_4$  are~~ independently hydrogen or halogen,

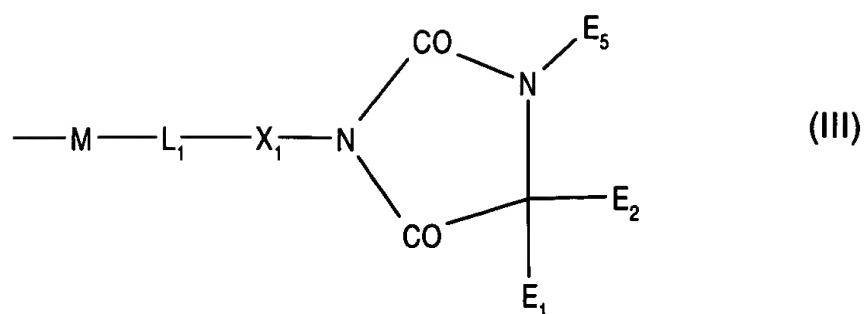
$G_2$  ~~is and  $G_2$  are~~ independently hydrogen, halogen, nitro, cyano,  $R_3SO-$ ,  $R_3SO_2-$ ,  $-COOG_3$ , perfluoroalkyl of 1 to 12 carbon atoms,  $-P(O)(C_6H_5)_2$ ,  $-CO-G_3$ ,  $-CO-NH-G_3$ ,  $-CO-N(G_3)_2$ ,  $-N(G_3)-CO-G_3$ , phenyl substituted by 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-1-yloxy,



$G_3$  is hydrogen, straight or branched chain alkyl of 1 to 24 carbon atoms, straight or branched chain alkenyl of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 5 to 12 carbon atoms, phenylalkyl of 7 to 15 carbon atoms, phenyl, or said phenyl or said phenylalkyl substituted on the phenyl ring by 1 to 4 alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

or  $G_3$  is a group formula I, II or III





wherein

M is a direct bond, -NG<sub>9</sub>-, -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NG<sub>9</sub>-, -CONG<sub>9</sub>-, -COO- or -OCO-;

L<sub>1</sub> is a direct bond, alkylene of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, alkenylene of 3 to 18 carbon atoms, cycloalkylene of 5 to 12 carbon atoms, cycloalkenylene of 5 to 12 carbon atoms or said alkylene interrupted by 1 to 4 oxygen atoms;

X<sub>1</sub> is a direct bond, -COO-, -CONG<sub>9</sub>-, -O- or -NG<sub>9</sub>-;

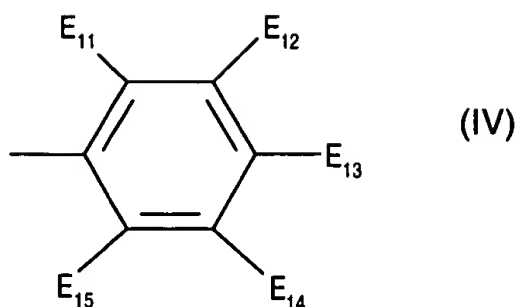
G<sub>9</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms;

E<sub>1</sub> to E<sub>4</sub> are independently alkyl of 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub> together are pentamethylene or E<sub>3</sub> and E<sub>4</sub> together are pentamethylene;

E<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, oxyl, straight or branched chain alkyl of 1 to 24 carbon atoms, straight or branched chain alkenyl of 3 to 24 carbon atoms, benzyl, acetyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)-E<sub>8</sub>, -OE<sub>9</sub>, -OE<sub>10</sub>(OH)<sub>b</sub>,

E<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or phenyl,

E<sub>9</sub> is hydrogen, straight or branched chain alkyl of 1 to 24 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 5 to 12 carbon atoms, straight or branched chain alkenyl of 3 to 24 carbon atoms, cycloalkenyl of 5 to 12 carbon atoms, phenylalkyl of 7 to 15 carbon atoms, a radical of a saturated or unsaturated bicyclic or tricyclic hydrocarbon of 7 to 15 carbon atoms, aryl of 6 to 10 carbon atoms or said aryl substituted by one to three alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms; or a group of formula IV

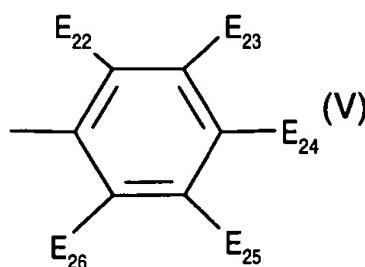


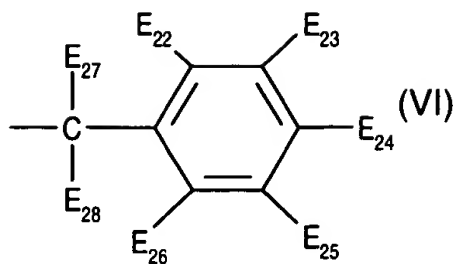
$E_{10}$  is a straight or branched chain alkyl of 1 to 24 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 5 to 12 carbon atoms, cycloalkenyl of 5 to 12 carbon atoms, straight or branched chain alkenyl of 3 to 24 carbon atoms, phenylalkyl of 7 to 15 carbon atoms, phenyl or said phenyl substituted by one to three alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

$b$  is 1, 2 or 3 with the restriction that  $b$  cannot exceed the number of carbon atoms in  $E_{10}$ , and if  $b$  is 2 or 3, each hydroxyl group is attached to a different carbon atom of  $E_{10}$ ;

$E_{11}$  to  $E_{15}$  are independently hydrogen, halogen, nitro, cyano, alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, phenylalkyl of 7 to 15 carbon atoms, aryl of 6 to 10 carbon atoms, hydroxyl, carboxyl, alkylthio of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, alkoxy or 1 to 18 carbon atoms, phenylalkoxy of 7 to 15 carbon atoms, aryloxy of 6 to 10 carbon atoms, alkylcarbonyloxy of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, alkylsulfonyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, arylsulfonyl of 6 to 15 carbon atoms, sulfo or phosphono, or any two vicinal substituents connected together to form a mono- or polycyclic ring;

$R_1$  is hydrogen, straight or branched chain alkyl of 1 to 24 carbon atoms, straight or branched chain alkenyl of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 5 to 12 carbon atoms, phenylalkyl of 7 to 15 carbon atoms, phenyl, or said phenyl or said phenylalkyl substituted on the phenyl ring by 1 to 4 alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms; or  $R_1$  is a group I, II, III, V or VI





where

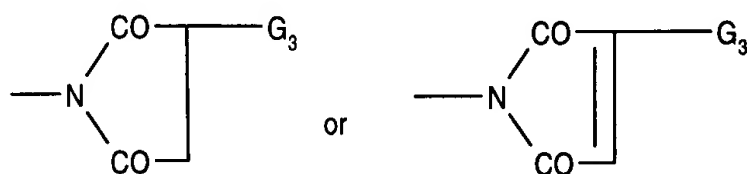
$E_{27}$  and  $E_{28}$  are independently alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, or cycloalkyl of 5 to 12 carbon atoms;

$E_{22}$ ,  $E_{23}$ ,  $E_{24}$ ,  $E_{25}$  and  $E_{26}$  are independently hydrogen, halogen, straight or branched alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, alkenyl of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, said alkyl or said alkenyl substituted by one or more halogen,  $-\text{OCOR}_{11}$ ,  $-\text{OR}_4$ ,  $-\text{NCO}$ ,  $-\text{NHCOR}_{11}$  or  $-\text{NR}_7\text{R}_8$ , or mixtures thereof, where  $\text{R}_4$  is straight or branched chain alkyl of 1 to 24 carbon atoms or straight or branched chain alkenyl of 2 to 18 carbon atoms; or said alkyl or said alkenyl interrupted by one or more  $-\text{O}-$ ,  $-\text{NH}-$  or  $-\text{NR}_4-$  groups or mixtures thereof and which can be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more  $-\text{OH}$ ,  $-\text{OR}_4$  or  $-\text{NH}_2$ , or mixtures thereof; or

$E_{22}$ ,  $E_{23}$ ,  $E_{24}$ ,  $E_{25}$  and  $E_{26}$  are independently phenyl,  $-\text{OH}$ ,  $-\text{OCOR}_{11}$ ,  $-\text{OE}_{29}$ ,  $-\text{NCO}$ ,  $-\text{NHCOR}_{11}$  or  $-\text{NR}_7\text{R}_8$ , cyano, nitro, perfluoroalkyl of 1 to 12 carbon atoms,  $-\text{COG}_3$ ,  $-\text{COOG}_3$ ,  $-\text{CON}(\text{G}_3)_2$ ,  $-\text{CONHG}_3$ ,  $\text{R}_3\text{S}-$ ,  $\text{R}_3\text{SO}-$ ,  $\text{R}_3\text{SO}_2-$ ,  $-\text{P}(\text{O})(\text{C}_6\text{H}_5)_2$ ,  $-\text{P}(\text{O})(\text{OG}_3)_2$ ,  $-\text{SO}_2-\text{X}_2-\text{E}_{29}$ ;

$\text{X}_2$  is  $-\text{O}-$ ,  $-\text{NH}-$  or  $-\text{NR}_4-$ ;

$\text{E}_{29}$  is straight or branched chain alkyl of 1 to 24 carbon atoms, straight or branched chain alkenyl of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, said alkyl or said alkenyl substituted by one or more  $-\text{OH}$ ,  $-\text{OCOR}_{11}$ ,  $-\text{OR}_4$ ,  $-\text{NCO}$ ,  $-\text{NHCOR}_{11}$ ,  $-\text{NR}_7\text{R}_8$ , phthalimido,



or mixtures thereof, where  $\text{R}_4$  is straight or branched chain alkyl of 1 to 24 carbon atoms or alkenyl of 2 to 18 carbon atoms; or said alkyl or said alkenyl interrupted by one or more  $-\text{O}-$ ,  $-\text{NH}-$  or  $-\text{NR}_4-$

groups or mixtures thereof and which can be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more -OH, -OR<sub>4</sub> or -NH<sub>2</sub>, or mixtures thereof; or E<sub>29</sub> is phenyl or phenylalkyl of 7 to 15 carbon atoms, or said phenyl or said phenylalkyl substituted by one to three alkyl groups of 1 to 4 carbon atoms;

~~R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>' are independently straight or branched alkyl chain of 1 to 24 carbon atoms, straight or branched chain alkenyl of 2 to 18 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 5 to 12 carbon atoms, phenylalkyl of 7 to 15 carbon atoms, phenyl, or said phenyl or said phenylalkyl substituted on the phenyl ring by 1 to 3 alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms; or R<sub>2</sub> is hydroxyl or -OR<sub>4</sub> where R<sub>4</sub> is straight or branched chain alkyl of 1 to 24 carbon atoms; or said alkyl substituted by one or more -OH, -OCO-R<sub>41</sub>, -OR<sub>4</sub>, -NCO or -NH<sub>2</sub> groups or mixtures thereof; or said alkyl or said alkenyl interrupted by one or more -O-, -NH- or -NR<sub>4</sub>- groups or mixtures thereof and which can be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more -OH, -OR<sub>4</sub>- or -NH<sub>2</sub> groups or mixtures thereof; or R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>' are independently -SR<sub>3</sub>, -NHR<sub>3</sub> or -N(R<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>; or R<sub>2</sub> or R<sub>2</sub>' is a group I, II, III, V or VI defined above;~~  
or R<sub>2</sub> or R<sub>2</sub>' is



wherein

~~\_\_\_\_\_ X is -O- or -N(R<sub>16</sub>),~~

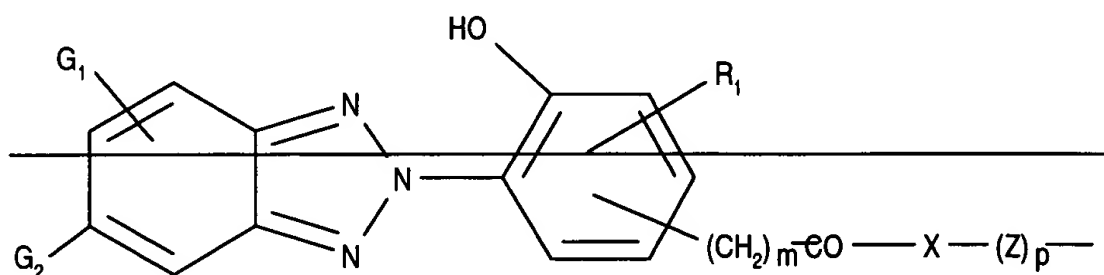
~~\_\_\_\_\_ Y is -O- or -N(R<sub>17</sub>),~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Z is C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-alkylene, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-alkylene interrupted by one to three nitrogen atoms, oxygen atoms or a mixture thereof, or is C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-alkylene, butynylene, butynylene, cyclohexylene or phenylene, each substituted by a hydroxyl group,~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ m is zero, 1 or 2,~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ p is 1, or p is also zero when X and Y are -N(R<sub>16</sub>)- and -N(R<sub>17</sub>)-, respectively,~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ R<sub>16</sub> is a group -CO-C(R<sub>18</sub>)=C(H)R<sub>19</sub> or, when Y is -N(R<sub>17</sub>)-, forms together with R<sub>17</sub> a group -CO-CH=CH-CO-, wherein R<sub>18</sub> is hydrogen or methyl, and R<sub>19</sub> is hydrogen, methyl or -CO-X-R<sub>20</sub>, wherein R<sub>20</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-alkyl or a group of the formula[[.]]~~



~~wherein the symbols  $R_1$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $X$ ,  $Z$ ,  $m$  and  $p$  have the meanings defined above, and  $R_{16}$  and  $R_{17}$  independently of one another are hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$ -alkyl interrupted by 1 to 3 oxygen atoms, or is cyclohexyl or  $C_7$ - $C_{16}$ aryl, and  $R_{16}$  together with  $R_{17}$  in the case where  $Z$  is ethylene, also forms ethylene,~~

~~$n$  is 1 or 2,~~

~~when  $n$  is 1,  $R_6$  is  $OR_6$  or  $NR_7R_8$ , or~~

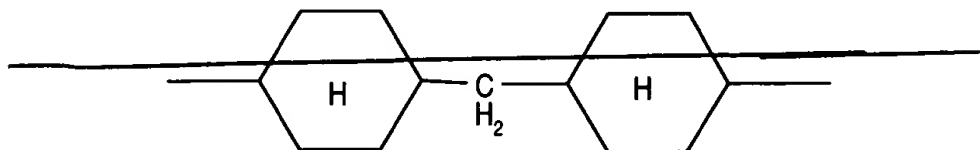
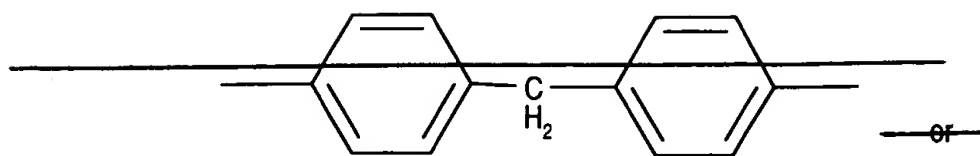
~~$R_5$  is a group of formula I~~

~~$R_6$  is  $PO(OR_{12})_2$ ,  $OSi(R_{11})_3$  or  $OCO-R_{11}$ , a group I, II or III, or straight or branched chain  $C_1$ - $C_{24}$ alkyl which is interrupted by  $O$ ,  $S$  or  $NR_{11}$  and which can be unsubstituted or substituted by  $OH$  or  $OCO-R_{11}$ ,  $C_5$ - $C_{12}$ -cycloalkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by  $OH$ , straight chain or branched  $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ alkenyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by  $OH$ ,  $C_7$ - $C_{16}$ aryl,  $CH_2CHOH-R_{13}$  or glycidyl,~~

~~$R_6$  is hydrogen, straight or branched chain  $C_1$ - $C_{24}$ alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more  $OH$ ,  $OR_4$  or  $NH_2$  groups, or  $OR_6$  is  $(OCH_2CH_2)_wOH$  or  $(OCH_2CH_2)_wOR_{21}$  where  $w$  is 1 to 12 and  $R_{21}$  is alkyl of 1 to 12 carbon atoms,~~

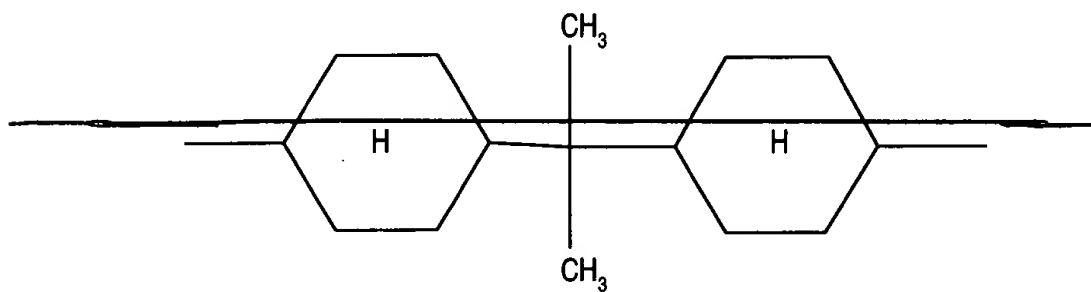
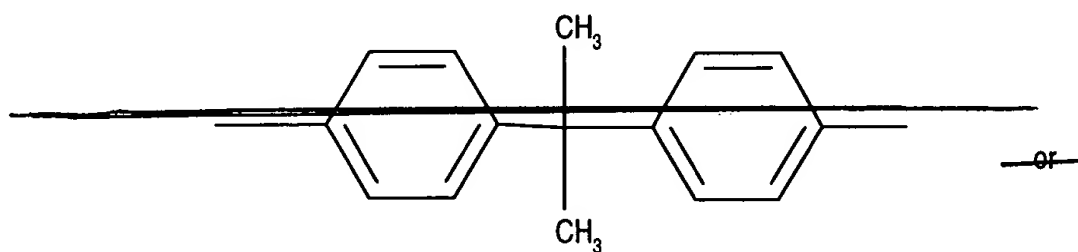
~~$R_7$  and  $R_8$  are independently hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, straight or branched chain  $C_3$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is interrupted by  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$  or  $-NR_{11}-$ ,  $C_5$ - $C_{12}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{14}$ aryl or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ hydroxylalkyl, or  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  together with the N atom are a pyrrolidine, piperidine, piperazine or morpholine ring,~~

~~when  $n$  is 2,  $R_6$  is one of divalent radicals  $O-R_9-O$  or  $N(R_{11})-R_{10}-N(R_{11})$ ,  
 $R_9$  is  $C_2$ - $C_8$ alkylene,  $C_4$ - $C_8$ alkenylene,  $C_4$ alkynylene, cyclohexylene, straight or branched chain  $C_4$ - $C_{10}$ alkylene which is interrupted by  $O$  or by  $CH_2CHOHCH_2O-R_{14}O-CH_2CHOHCH_2$ ,  
 $R_{10}$  being straight or branched chain  $C_2$ - $C_{12}$ alkylene which may be interrupted by  $O$ , cyclohexylene, or~~



or  $R_{10}$  and  $R_{11}$  with the two nitrogen atoms form a piperazine ring,

$R_{14}$  is straight or branched chain  $C_2$ - $C_8$  alkylene, straight or branched chain  $C_4$ - $C_{10}$  alkylene which is interrupted by  $O$ , cycloalkylene, arylene or



where  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  are independently hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms or  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  together are alkylene of 4 to 6 carbon atoms, 3-oxapentamethylene, 3-iminopentamethylene or 3-methyliminopentamethylene,

$R_{11}$  is hydrogen, straight or branched chain  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$  alkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, straight or branched chain  $C_3$ - $C_8$  alkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{14}$  aryl or  $C_7$ - $C_{15}$  aralkyl,

$R_{12}$  is straight or branched chain  $C_4$ - $C_{18}$  alkyl, straight or branched chain  $C_3$ - $C_{18}$  alkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{16}$  aryl or  $C_7$ - $C_{16}$  aralkyl,



~~— R<sub>43</sub> is H, straight chain or branched C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>18</sub> alkyl which is substituted by PO(OP<sub>42</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, phenyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by OH, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>16</sub> aralkyl or CH<sub>2</sub>OP<sub>42</sub>~~

R<sub>3</sub> is alkyl of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, hydroxyalkyl of 2 to 20 carbon atoms, alkenyl of 3 to 18 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 5 to 12 carbon atoms, phenylalkyl of 7 to 15 carbon atoms, aryl of 6 to 10 carbon atoms or said aryl substituted by one or two alkyl of 1 to 4 carbon atoms or 1,1,2,2-tetrahydroperfluoroalkyl where the perfluoroalkyl moiety is of 6 to 16 carbon atoms, and

~~L is alkylene of 1 to 12 carbon atoms, alkylidene of 2 to 12 carbon atoms, benzyldiene, p-xilylene or cycloalkylidene; and~~

~~with the proviso that at least one of G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>', G<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> or R<sub>6</sub> contains a hindered amine moiety, and~~

with the further proviso[[s]] that

~~(a) when G<sub>2</sub> of formula A is hydrogen or halogen, then E<sub>6</sub> of group I is not OE<sub>9</sub>;~~

~~— (b) when G<sub>2</sub> of formula A is hydrogen or halogen, then E<sub>6</sub> of group I is not hydrogen, oxyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, benzyl, acetyl, or a group -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-E<sub>8</sub>;~~

(c) when G<sub>2</sub> is -COOG<sub>3</sub> and G<sub>3</sub> is of group I, then E<sub>5</sub> of group I is not hydrogen, oxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, benzyl, acetyl, or a group -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-E<sub>8</sub>[[;]] and

~~— (d) when G<sub>2</sub> of formula A is hydrogen, halogen or cyano, then R<sub>4</sub> is not a substituted or unsubstituted hydantoin-3-ylmethyl group.~~

2. A compound according to claim 1 which is

(a) 1-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropoxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;

~~(b) 5-(1-methoxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yloxy-carbonyl)-2-(2-hydroxy-3- $\alpha$ -cumyl-5-tert-octylphenyl)-2H-benzotriazole;~~

(c) 1-cyclohexyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;

- (d) 1-methoxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;
- (e) 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;
- ~~(f) 2-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-keto-piperazin-5-yl)ethyl 3-(benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;~~
- ~~(g) 2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-keto-piperazin-5-yl)ethyl 3-(benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;~~
- ~~(h) 5-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropoxy)-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yloxy]carbonyl-2-[2-hydroxy-3-(4-chloro- $\alpha,\alpha$ -dimethylbenzyl)-5-tert-butylphenyl]-2H-benzotriazole;~~
- (i) 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;
- (j) 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;
- (k) 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(5-phenylsulfonylbenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;
- (l) 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(5-phenylsulfonylbenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;
- (m) 1-(2,4-dibromophenoxy)-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate;
- (n) 1-(2-nitro-4-chlorophenoxy)-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate; or
- ~~(o) 5-trifluoromethyl-2-(2-hydroxy-3-(1,5,5-trimethylhydantoin-3-ylmethyl)-5-tert-butylphenyl)-2H-benzotriazole;~~
- (p) 1-cyclohexyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate[[:]] or
- ~~(q) 5-[4-(2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-1-yloxy)phenyl]-2-(2-hydroxy-3- $\alpha$ -cumyl-5-tert-octylphenyl)-2H-benzotriazole.~~

### 3-25. (canceled)